

SBA LOAN APPLICATION FORM

SBA LOAN FORM BENTLEY FUNDING

Business Name:	Tax ID:					
Type of Business:	Contact Name:	Contact Name:				
Website:	Contact Phone:	Contact Phone:				
Entity Type:	Contact Email:	_ Contact Email:				
Business Physical Address: Street Address	s, Suite, City, State, Zip Code					
Owners / Principals						
Name	Title	Ownership % (must total 100%)				
Number of Employees Number	of Employees you will hire as a resul	t of the proposed loan				
Does this business or any of the principals have a controlling interest in any other business? \square YES \square NO						
If yes, please provide details:						
Number of Employees of affiliated Busines	ss(es):					
Has the business or any principal ever: (if	yes, please provide details)					
Declared Bankruptcy? □ YES □ NO						
Applied for government financing <i>(including student loans)</i> ☐ YES ☐ NO						

Is the business currently involved in pending lawsuits? ☐ Proposed real property vesting <i>(if applicable)</i> : ☐ LLC ☐ Corp. ☐ Partnership ☐ Individua	
Escrow contact information:	
Use of Loan Proceeds	Amount
Purchase Real Property	\$
Debt Refinance (Please provide a copy of note to be paid	off) \$
Property Improvements	\$
Working Capital	\$
Purchase of Furniture, Fixtures, and/or Equipment	\$
(Please provide invoices or purchase orders)	
Purchase Inventory	\$
Other	\$
Less Borrower's Down Payment	\$
Total Loan Request	\$
Source of Down Payment:	
Borrower Signature:	Title: Date:

Business History

Providing as much detail as possible will help expedite your loan request. Attach sheet if necessary.

1.	When and how was the business established?
2.	When and how did current owners acquire the business?
•	Natura of business (including the sea of greatuate and somition offered)?
3.	Nature of business (including types of products and services offered)?
4	Key customers?
٦.	ney editioners.
5.	Target market?
6.	Major competitors?
7.	Your advantage over competitors?
8.	Major suppliers?
9.	General geographic market served?
10	. How will the proposed loan benefit the company?



Name:

OMB APPROVAL NO.: 3245-0188 EXPIRATION DATE: 03/31/2021

PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT 7(a) / 504 LOANS AND SURETY BONDS

As of	

U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SBA uses the information required by this Form 413 as one of a number of data sources in analyzing the repayment ability and creditworthiness of an application for an SBA guaranteed 7(a) or 504 loans or, with respect to a surety bond, to assist in recovery in the event that the contractor defaults on the contract. Submission of this information is required as part of your application for assistance. Failure to provide the information would impact the agency's decision on your application.

Complete this form for (1) each proprietor; (2) general partner; (3) managing member of a limited liability company (LLC); (4) each owner of 20% or more of the equity of the Applicant (including the assets of the owner's spouse and any minor children); and (5) any person providing a guaranty on the loan

Business Phone:

Return the completed form to:

For 7(a) loans: the Lender processing the application for an SBA guaranty

For 504 loans: the Certified Development Company (CDC) processing the application for an SBA guaranty **For Surety Bonds**: The Surety Company or Agent processing the application for a surety bond guarantee

Home Address:	Home Phone:
City, State, & Zip Code:	
Business Name of Applicant:	
ASSETS (Omit Cents)	LIABILITIES (Omit Cents)
Cash on Hand & in banks\$	Accounts Payable\$
Savings Accounts\$	(Describe in Section 2)
IRA or Other Retirement Account\$ (Describe in Section 5)	Installment Account (Auto)\$
Accounts & Notes Receivable\$ (Describe in Section 5)	Mo. Payments \$ Installment Account (Other)\$
Life Insurance – Cash Surrender Value Only \$(Describe in Section 8)	Mo. Payments \$ Loan(s) Against Life Insurance\$
Stocks and Bonds\$ (Describe in Section 3)	
Real Estate	Unpaid Taxes\$\$
Automobiles\$(Describe in Section 5, and include Year/Make/Model)	Other Liabilities
Other Personal Property\$ (Describe in Section 5)	Total Liabilities\$
Other Assets\$ (Describe in Section 5)	Net Worth \$
Total \$	*Must equal total in assets column.

Section 1. Source	ce of Income	9		Con	tingent Li	abilities		
Salary	Salary \$			As a	n Endorser	or Co-Mak	er	\$
Net Investment Income \$			Lega					
Real Estate Income\$ Other Income (Describe below) *\$			Prov	vision for Fe	deral Inco	me Tax	\$	
			Othe	Other Special Debt\$				
Description of Oth	•	•			•			· -
Description of other	ici ilicollic	m Section II						
Alimony or child support p	ayments should	not be disclosed in	n "Other Income	e" unless it is desir	red to have suc	ch payments	counted toward	I total income.
Section 2. Notes Pay	vable to Rank	s and Others						
(Use attachments if neces	ssary. Each attac	hment must be ide	entified as part	of this statement	and signed.)			
Names and Add Notehold		Original Balance	Current Balance	Payment Amount	Freque (month)			red or Endorsed of Collateral
Nocciona	Ci (3)	Baiance	Dalance	Amount	(monen	y, ccc.,	Турс	or condectur
Section 3. Stocks a	nd Bonds. (Us	se attachments if i	necessary. Each	h attachment mus	t be identified	as part of thi	is statement and	d signed.)
				Marke	t Value	Da	ite of	
Number of Shares	Name o	f Securities	Cost	•	ation/ lange	-	tation/ hange	Total Value
Section 4. Real Esta		ent if necessary	Each attachma	nt must be identif	ied as a part o	f this statem	ent and signed	
(List each parcel separate	ery. Use attacrim		erty A		Property B	tilis stateme		roperty C
Type of Real Estate		РТОР	erty A	•	горенту в		ri	оренту С
(e.g., Primary Residence Residence, Rental Proper	,							
Address	rty, Lana, etc.)							
Date Purchased								
Original Cost								
Present Market Value								
Name & Address of Mo	ortgage							
Holder Mortgage Account Nu	mber							
Mortgage Balance								
Amount of Payment pe	er Month/Year							
Status of Mortgage								

Section 5. Other Personal Property and Other Assets. (Describe holder, amount of lien, terms of payment, and, if delinquent, describe delinquent, delinque	be, and, if any is pledged as security, state name and address of lien viency.)
Section 6. Unpaid Taxes. (Describe in detail as to type, to whom p	ayable, when due, amount, and to what property, if any, a tax lien attaches.)
Section 7. Other Liabilities. (Describe in detail.)	
Section 8. Life Insurance Held. (Give face amount and cash sur	render value of policies – the name of the insurance company and Beneficiaries
I authorize the SBA/Lender/Surety Company to make inquiries determine my creditworthiness.	as necessary to verify the accuracy of the statements made and to
<u>CERTIFICATION</u> : (to be completed by each person submitting or more owner when spousal assets are included)	g the information requested on this form and the spouse of any 20%
information submitted with this form is true and complete to the Lenders Certified Development Companies or Surety Companies	ation that all information on this form and any additional supporting the best of my knowledge. I understand that SBA or its participating a would rely on this information when making decisions regarding an are read the attached statements required by law and executive order.
Signature	Date
Print Name	Social Security No.
Signature	Date
Print Name	Social Security No.

NOTICE TO LOAN AND SURETY BOND APPLICANTS: CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES FOR FALSE STATEMENTS:

Knowingly that making a false statement on this form is a violation of Federal law and could result in criminal prosecution, significant civil penalties, and a denial of your loan or surety bond application. A false statement is punishable under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 and 3571 by imprisonment of not more than five years and/or a fine of up to \$250,000; under 15 U.S.C. § 645 by imprisonment of not more than two years and/or a fine of not more than \$5,000; and, if submitted to a Federally-insured institution, a false statement is punishable under 18 U.S.C. § 1014 by imprisonment of not more than thirty years and/or a fine of not more than \$1,000,000. Additionally, false statements can lead to treble damages and civil penalties under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729, and other administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment.

PLEASE NOTE: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act, you are not required to respond to this request for information unless it displays a valid OMB Control Number. The estimated average burden hours for completing this form is 1.5 hours per response. If you have questions or comments concerning this estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, please contact the Director, Records Management Division, Small Business Administration, 409 Third Street SW, Washington, D.C. 20416, and SBA Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 10202, Washington, D.C. 20503. PLEASE DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORMS TO OMB.

PLEASE READ, DETACH, AND RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS

STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY LAW AND EXECUTIVE ORDER

SBA is required to withhold or limit financial assistance, to impose special conditions on approved loans, to provide special notices to applicants or borrowers, and to require special reports and data from borrowers in order to comply with legislation passed by the Congress and Executive Orders issued by the President and by the provisions of various inter-agency agreements. SBA has issued regulations and procedures that implement these laws and executive orders. These are contained in Parts 112, 113, and 117 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations and in Standard Operating Procedures.

Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a)

Any person can request to see or get copies of any personal information that SBA has in his or her file when that file is retrieved by individual identifiers such as name or social security numbers. Requests for information about another party may be denied unless SBA has the written permission of the individual to release the information to the requestor or unless the information is subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

Under the provisions of the Privacy Act, you are not required to provide your social security number. Failure to provide your social security number may not affect any right, benefit, or privilege to which you are entitled. Disclosures of name and other personal identifiers are, however, required for a benefit, as SBA requires an individual seeking assistance from SBA to provide it with sufficient information for it to make a character determination. In determining whether an individual is of good character, SBA considers the person's integrity, candor, and disposition toward criminal actions.

Additionally, SBA is specifically authorized to verify your criminal history, or lack thereof, pursuant to section 7(a)(1)(B), 15 USC Section 636(a)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (the Act). Further, for all forms of assistance, SBA is authorized to make all investigations necessary to ensure that a person has not engaged in acts that violate or will violate the Act or the Small Business Investment Act, 15 USC Sections 634(b)(11) and 687(b)(a), respectively. For these purposes, you are asked to voluntarily provide your social security number to assist SBA in making a character determination and to distinguish you from other individuals with the same or similar names or personal identifiers.

The Privacy Act authorizes SBA to make certain "routine uses" of information protected by that Act. One such routine use is the disclosure of information maintained in SBA's investigative files system of records when this information indicates a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or administrative in nature. Specifically, SBA may refer the information to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, charged with responsibility for or otherwise involved in the investigation, prosecution, enforcement or prevention of such violations. Another routine use is that SBA may disclose the information maintained in SBA's investigative files to other Federal agencies conducting background checks to the extent the information is relevant to the requesting agencies' function. In addition, another routine use is that SBA may transfer information related to a debt that a person is delinquent in paying to SBA in connection with its loan programs for publication on a computer database system maintained by the Department of Housing and Urban Development or other Federal agency, to allow searches by participating Government agencies and approved private lenders, consistent with applicable law. SBA and its authorized lenders may also use this computer database system to perform a computer match to determine a loan applicant's credit status with participating agencies of the Federal Government. See Revision of Privacy Act System of Records, 74 F.R. 14890 (April 1, 2009) and 77 F.R.

61467 (October 9, 2012) for additional background and other routine uses, which may be amended from time to time.

Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401) -- This is a notice to you, as required by the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, of SBA's access rights to financial records held by financial institutions that are or have been doing business with you or your business, including any financial institutions participating in a loan or loan guaranty. The law provides that SBA shall have a right of access to your financial records in connection with its consideration or administration of assistance to you in the form of a Government guaranteed loan. SBA is required to provide a certificate of its compliance with the Act to a financial institution in connection with its first request for access to your financial records, after which no further certification is required for subsequent accesses. The law also provides that SBA's access rights continue for the term of any approved loan guaranty agreement. No further notice to you of SBA's access rights is required during the term of any such agreement. The law also authorizes SBA to transfer to another Government authority any financial records included in an application for a loan or concerning an approved loan or loan guarantee, as necessary to process, service, or foreclose on a loan guaranty or collect on a defaulted loan guaranty.

Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552)

This law provides, with some exceptions, that SBA must supply information reflected in agency files and records to a person requesting it. Information about approved loans that will be automatically released includes, among other things, statistics on our loan programs (individual borrowers are not identified in the statistics) and other information such as the names of the borrowers (and their officers, directors, stockholders, or partners), the collateral pledged to secure the loan, the amount of the loan, its purpose in general terms and the maturity. Proprietary data on a borrower would not routinely be made available to third parties. All requests under this Act are to be addressed to the nearest SBA office and be identified as a Freedom of Information request.

Flood Disaster Protection Act (42 U.S.C. 4011) -- Regulations have been issued by the Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) and by SBA implementing this Act and its amendments. These regulations prohibit SBA from making certain loans in an FIA-designated floodplain unless Federal Flood insurance is purchased as a condition of the loan. Failure to maintain the required level of flood insurance makes the applicant ineligible for any financial assistance from SBA, including disaster assistance.

Executive Orders -- Floodplain Management and Wetland Protection (42 F.R. 26951 and 42 F.R. 26961) – SBA discourages settlement in or development of a floodplain or a wetland. This statement is to notify all SBA loan applicants that such actions are hazardous to both life and property and should be avoided. The additional cost of flood preventive construction must be considered in addition to the possible loss of all assets and investments due to a future flood.

Occupational Safety and Health Act (15 U.S.C. 651 et seq.) -- This legislation authorizes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration in the Department of Labor to require businesses to modify facilities and procedures to protect employees or pay penalty fees. Businesses can be forced to cease operations or be prevented from starting operations in a new facility. Therefore, SBA may require additional information from an applicant to determine whether the business will be in compliance with OSHA regulations and allowed to operate its facility after the loan is approved and disbursed.

Signing this form as an applicant is a certification that the OSHA requirements that apply to the applicant's business have been determined and that the applicant, to the best of their knowledge, is in compliance. Furthermore, the applicant certifies that it will remain in compliance during the life of the loan.

Civil Rights Legislation -- All businesses receiving SBA financial assistance must agree not to discriminate in any business practice, including employment practices and services, to the public on the basis of categories cited in 13 C.F.R., Parts 112, 113, and 117 of SBA Regulations. This includes making their goods and services available to handicapped clients or customers. All business borrowers will be required to display the "Equal Employment Opportunity Poster" prescribed by SBA.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act (15 U.S.C. 1691) -- The Federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibits creditors from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status or age (provided the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program, or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

Executive Order 11738 -- Environmental Protection (38 F.R. 251621) -- The Executive Order charges SBA with administering its loan programs in a manner that will result in effective enforcement of the Clean Air Act, the Federal Water Pollution Act, and other environmental protection legislation.

Debt Collection Act of 1982, Deficit Reduction Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq. and other titles) -- These laws require SBA to collect aggressively any loan payments which become delinquent. SBA must obtain your taxpayer identification number when you apply for a loan. If you receive a loan and do not make payments as they come due, SBA may take one or more of the following actions: (1) report the status of your loan(s) to credit bureaus, (2) hire a collection agency to collect your loan, (3) offset your income tax refund or other amounts due to you from the Federal Government,

(4) suspend or debar you or your company from doing business with the Federal Government, (5) refer your loan to the Department of Justice or other attorneys for litigation, (6) foreclose on collateral or take other action permitted in the loan instruments, or (7) if you default on an SBA loan and fail to fully reimburse SBA for any resulting loss, refer you to the computer database of delinquent Federal debtors maintained by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, or other Federal agency, which may disqualify you from receiving financial assistance from other Federal agencies. In addition, unless SBA is reimbursed in full for the loss, you will not be eligible for additional SBA financial assistance.

Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (Pub. L. 99-603) -- If you are an alien who was in this country illegally since before January 1, 1982, you may have been granted lawful temporary resident status by the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service pursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986. For five years from the date you are granted such status, you are not eligible for financial assistance from the SBA in the form of a loan guaranty under Section 7(a) of the Small Business Act unless you are disabled or a Cuban or Haitian entrant. When you sign this document, you are making the certification that the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 does not apply to you, or if it does apply, more than five years have elapsed since you have been granted lawful temporary resident status pursuant to such 1986 legislation.

Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.) -- Borrowers using SBA funds for the construction or rehabilitation of a residential structure are prohibited from using lead-based paint (as defined in SBA regulations) on all interior surfaces, whether accessible or not, and exterior surfaces, such as stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows, and doors, which are readily accessible to children under 7 years of age. A "residential structure" is any home, apartment, hotel, motel, orphanage, boarding school, dormitory, daycare center, extended care facility, college or other school housing, hospital, group practice or community facility, and all other residential or institutional structures where persons reside.

Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension (2 CFR 180, adopted by reference in 2 CFR Part 2700 (SBA Debarment Regulations)) -- By submission of this loan application, you certify and acknowledge that neither you nor any Principals have within the past three years been: (a) debarred, suspended, declared ineligible from participating in, or voluntarily excluded from participation in a transaction by any Federal department or agency; (b) formally proposed for debarment, with a final determination still pending; (c) indicted, convicted, or had a civil judgment rendered against you for any of the offenses listed in the Regulations; or (d) delinquent on any amounts due and owing to the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities as of the date of execution of this certification.

If you are unable to certify and acknowledge (a) through (d), you must obtain and attach a written statement of exception from SBA permitting participation in this loan. You further certify that you have not and will not knowingly enter into any agreement in connection with the goods and/or services purchased with the proceeds of this loan with any individual or entity that has been debarred, suspended, declared ineligible from participating in, or voluntarily excluded from participation in a Transaction. All capitalized terms have the meanings set forth in 2 C.F.R. Part 180.

When you complete filling it up, please Email it to info@bentleyfunding.com